

NAUTILUS

NON-CORRODABLE TANK HEATERS AND COOLERS.

INSTALLATION, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS.

These instructions should be carefully read and understood by all the operators before installing and commissioning the equipment. Failure to comply could invalidate warranty.

The element tubes of TEFLON* require some special attention. Keep in mind that they are different from all other immersion coils. You can, if careless, accidentally cut or burn them. Be careful.

This equipment must be installed and operated in accordance with these instructions and any other specification (such as pressure conditions) given in our offer or order acknowledgement. Otherwise any warranty may be rendered void.

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1. The NAUTILUS Tank Heater/Cooler

This NAUTILUS is manufactured from high performance non-corrodable materials and should give trouble free service provided it is installed, operated and maintained in accordance with these instructions. The successful performance and length of service of this equipment will depend on its situation in the tank; correct installation of hangers, supports, piping and controls; and the degree of care taken during operation.

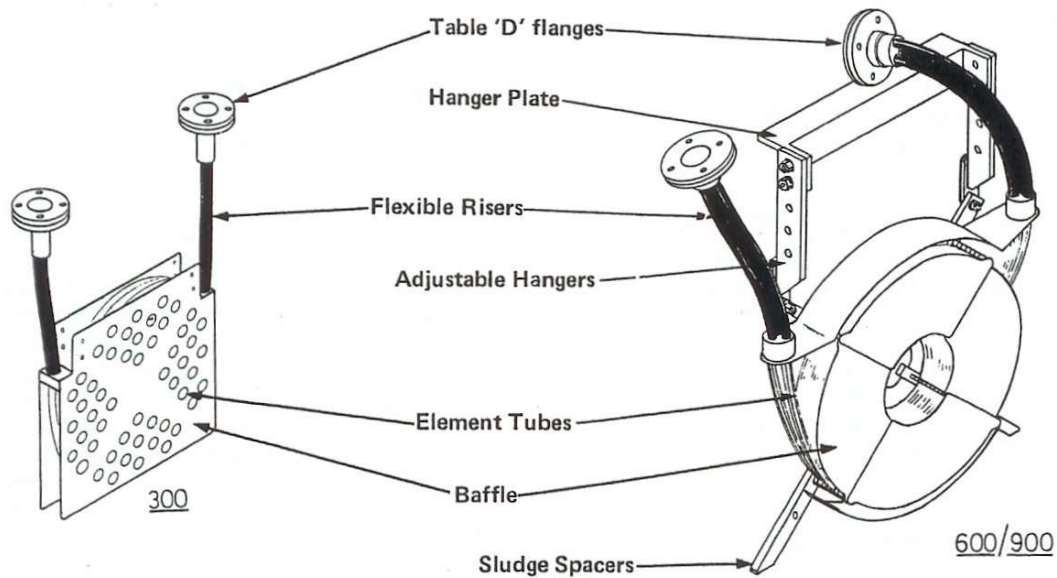


Figure 1: The Nautilus Tank Heater/Cooler

2. INSTALLATION IN TANK

- The NAUTILUS should be sited within the tank clear of scale and sludge.
 - Free flow of solution on all sides is essential to obtain the maximum efficiency.
 - Locate the coil in the tank where it will be protected from damage caused by contact with the tank wall or with objects in the tank.
 - If the element needs protection from mechanical damage due to the nature of the workload, protective baffles, which are available from BRAUDE, should be fitted.
- A heavy duty guard is also available.
- The Nautilus is specially designed for use in either a vertical or horizontal position (see figure 2).

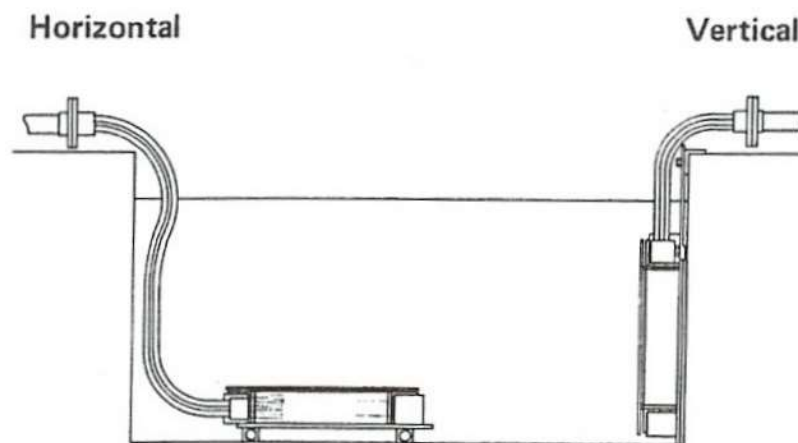


Figure 2: Position of Nautilus in tank

- **VERTICAL MOUNTING** - The Nautilus may be mounted vertically in the tank by using the adjustable hangers. These are attached to the mounting points on the Nautilus frame (frame 3).

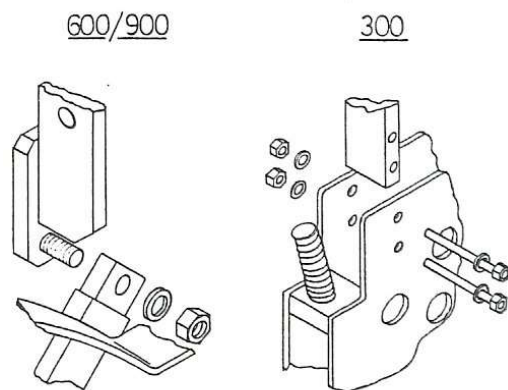


Figure3: Fixing adjustable hangers to Nautilus

Securely fix the hanger plate to the tank by clamping or bolting. Lower the Nautilus into the tank and fix hangers to hanger plate at the desired height. Any excess on the adjustable hangers may be cut off.

Note: Should flotation occur on installing the unit, use a broad ended blunt pole to hold the unit in a vertical position whilst lowering and finally securing.

- **HORIZONTAL MOUNTING** - Weight boxes should be fitted to the Nautilus frame using the fixings provided. Lower the unit into the tank supporting it by its frame and/or lifting holes. Do not carry the weight on the flexible rises. If the coil shows a tendency to float it will not function satisfactorily and additional weighting will be necessary.

3. PIPEWORK CONNECTIONS TO NAUTILUS

Note: Nautilus flanges are constructed of a composite set of polymers and should not be immersed in the liquid or connected in a position that the flanges will be subjected to vapours or condensation from the liquid to be heated or cooled. **It is recommended that the flanges are connected clear of the tank as shown in figure 2.**

Ensure all traps, valves and pipework are adequately sized for the duty and that flanges connected to the NAUTILUS unit are correctly aligned and square.

Heating or cooling medium pipework should be connected as shown in figures 4 and 5.

Maximum element pressure should not exceed the values shown in table 1 unless otherwise stated on the Gather head assembly label as shown below.

Standard Units	Maximum Pressure	Maximum temperature
Steam	3.4 Bar (50 psig)	148°C
Hot Water	3.0 Bar (45 psig)	115°C
Coolant (e.g. Chilled Water)	6.8 Bar (100 psig)	20°C
High Temperature Units Thermal Fluid	3.0 Bar (45 psig)	200°C

Table 1: Pressure Conditions for Teflon* elements



3.1 HEATING DUTY - STEAM

If the steam supply is in excess, a pressure reducing valve should be fitted. A pressure relief valve must be fitted in all cases.

It is recommended but not essential that a suitable bursting disc be fitted in the steam supply line prior to the NAUTILUS. When fitting a bursting disc the line must be vented to atmosphere. A strainer in the feeder piping is required. The fitting of a steam separator and an air vent on the feeder line is recommended for removal of excess moisture and entrapped air from the steam supply to maximise the efficiency of the heater.

A motorised valve must be fitted for automatic operation, as slow action is required. This should be of equal percentage trim type. The use of solenoid type valves for this duty must be avoided. The steam or water supply system must be free of hammer, as this condition could cause damage to the element. Condensate Trap: The condensate return pipe should run downwards from the outlet flange to prevent excess back pressure in the coil. If this is not possible, the condensate must be pumped away from the coil.

WARNING: In the event of electrical power failure there will be no signal to close a motorised valve. Therefore, either a motorised valve with a fail safe closure (spring reserve) or an alternative back up system should be fitted to close the steam supply in the event of power failure, in order to prevent damage to the NAUTILUS.

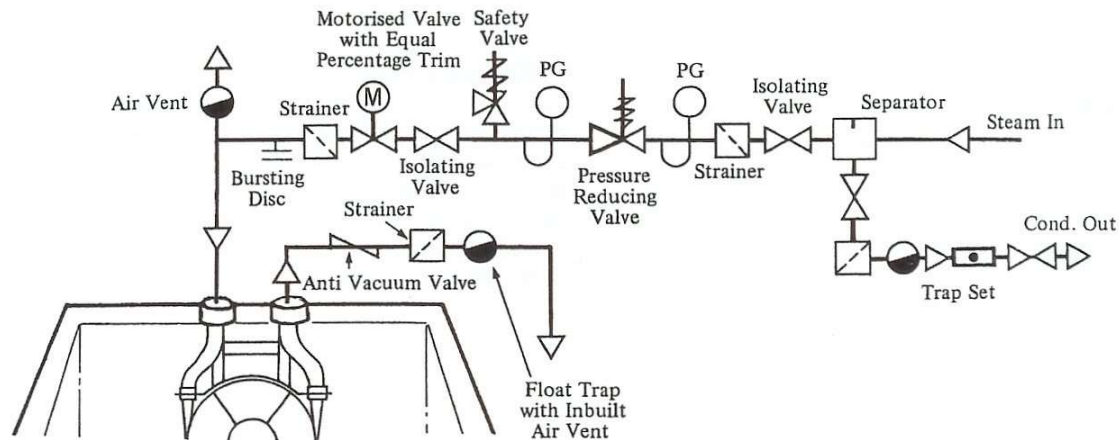


Figure 4: Heating duty – steam pipework installation

3.2 HEATING DUTY – HOT WATER

The pressure in the system should be controlled so that it does not exceed the safe operating pressure. The system should be designed to avoid pressure fluctuation. Delivery of hot water from a header system is recommended.

A bypass system can be beneficial to the operation of multiple units.

3.3 COOLING DUTY – CHILLED WATER

The pressure in the system should be controlled so that it does not exceed the safe operating pressure and that the flow rate through the element is as set out in the design specification.

3.4 HEATING SYSTEM – THERMAL FLUID

Appropriate gaskets to suit the thermal fluid should be used on the flange connections. The temperature of the thermal fluid should not exceed 200°C at any time.

Only use a Nautilus specifically manufactured for high temperature operation on a thermal fluid supply.

3.5 FLANGE CONNECTION

The Nautilus heater/cooler is fitted with substantial polymer flanges that should not distort or leak under load. It is recommended that they are connected to a metal full face mating flange in a good clean condition. It is essential that the O ring is seated correctly in the groove when connected. Mating flanges with large serrations or stub flanges are not recommended.

Backing rings may be used to ensure the load is evenly spread over the flange face.

Bolts should be of the correct size for the flange, as shown in the table below. All bolts should be fitted with washers, in accordance with good engineering practices.

Polymer bolts or studding are not recommended.

FLANGE SIZE	NO OF BOLTS	BOLT SIZE	TORQUE LOAD NM*
32MM/1"	4	M12	8
63mm/2"	4	M16	10
90MM/3"	4/8	M16	10
110MM/4"	8	M16	10

* These figures are for guideline purposes only.

IMPORTANT

- Do not over-tighten flange connections. Use a good quality flange sealant.
- Ensure that all traps, valves and pipework are adequately sized.
- It is essential that flanges are connected squarely. Strain on element tubes must be avoided.

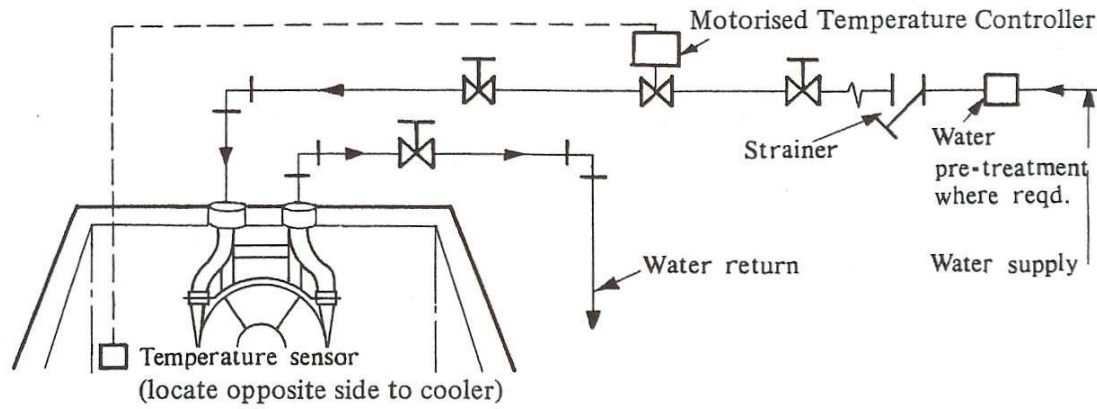


Figure 5: Heating and cooling duty – water and thermal fluid

IMPORTANT

Before operating ensure that the system is clean and that no debris has been left in the piping during installation. Flush the piping with water before connecting to the coil.

4. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Maximum steam pressure inside the element tubes must not exceed 50 psig. (3.4 Bar) saturated (148°C). Maximum coolant pressure inside the element tubes must not exceed 100 psig (6.8 Bar). (Otherwise as stated in Table 1).

1. Ensure that the tube element is below the solution level before commencing duty.
2. Open all valves on the discharge side of the coil.
3. Slowly open valve on the supply side of the coil. For automatic operation a slow action is required as obtained by using a motorised valve. The use of solenoid type valves for this duty should be avoided.
4. Do not alternate cycle from cooling to heating without allowing stabilisation time, as thermal shock will cause grave damage to the element. Allow at least 15 minutes.
5. If the unit is used to heat halogenated bath, the steam condensate should be taken to drain rather than back to boiler since halogens can permeate TEFLON* and could contaminate the condensate. (Permeation of TEFLON* by halogens does not attack or degrade the tubing of TEFLON*).
6. Units can be used for pre-heating of a batch solution but stabilisation time must be observed.
7. Do not lift the unit whilst in operation as damage could be caused through unnecessary scale build-up.
8. Cooling applications, in some areas, may need pre-treated cooling medium to prevent unnecessary scale build-up.
9. In order to prevent any siphonic action, in the event of a tube leak, maintain positive pressure.

5. MAINTENANCE

The NAUTILUS heater/cooler is manufactured from non-corrodable materials and therefore requires minimum maintenance. In order to obtain maximum performance however, the following procedures should be observed.

- Filters or strainers should be checked for debris. Clean as required.
- Check steam pressure and temperature at coil inlet to ensure they are within limits (50 psig, 148°C).
- Check water flow and temperature, to be sure it meets design conditions.
- Check temperature controllers to make sure they are functioning properly.
- Check back pressure in condensate or water return line to ensure there is no obstruction, which would restrict flow through the coil.
- Check all valves and traps regularly to ensure that they are fully operational.
- Check unit for possible leakage caused by mechanical damage.
- Inspect element for rubbing etc., and make sure all clamps and mountings are fully tightened.
- If baffles are fitted, they must be secure.
- Units that are susceptible to build up or fouling due to the type of application should be cleaned frequently. For example, very severe situations about once a month, less severe every two or three months. Experience of operation will determine this frequency. For general purpose cleaning, immersion or soft brushing in a suitable solution on a regular basis according to requirement will suffice. Generally, alkaline deposits are removed with an acid such as hydrochloric, greasy and oily deposits are removed with an alkaline degreaser. Deposits from Electroless Nickel type solutions are removed with nitric acid.
- For internal tube cleaning back flushing as regularly as required should be satisfactory. A mild acetic acid solution may be used.

In the event of tube damage, the unit should be returned to the manufacturers for repair. In emergency, damaged tubes can be temporarily by-passed by sealing off both the inlet and outlet side by hot air heating and crimping after severing the tube near the terminal ends and cleaning the section to be sealed. Our technical staff will supply instructions.

6. REMOVAL from the tank

- When removing the NAUTILUS from the tank care must be taken to prevent damage by scraping or scuffing on the tank sides.
- Do not lift the unit by the element or flexible risers as damage could be caused through unnecessary stresses. Lift by the frame and/or the clearly marked lifting holes.

7. RETURNS POLICY AND PROCEDURE

REPLACEMENT SERVICE

BRAUDE offer a replacement service for products that have failed in use.

1. Unit must be less than 3 years old and not have been replaced or repaired before.
2. This shall be verified from the serial number database or from the customer file.
3. If older than 3 years, you will be offered a replacement at a discounted price.
4. This only applies to Heaters, Controllers and Pumps.
5. Heat exchangers may be returned for repair.

RETURNS PROCEDURE

The only time a product should be returned is if you are claiming replacement or repair under warranty. Then please follow the returns procedure below.

Please follow the following procedure for returning any item to us:

1. Contact our sales department either by phone or email (sales@braude.co.uk) and provide the serial number of the product you wish to return.
2. We will send you a form for completion, [or you can download a form here](#). Please email the completed form to sales@braude.co.uk. You will be issued with a returns reference number.
3. Return the item and the returns form (showing the returns number) to our factory at the following address:

Heatrod Elements Ltd
Unit 10, Top Deck
Smethurst Lane
Bolton BL4 0AN

4. New or unused items should be returned in the original packaging with a note describing the reason for return.
5. Units returned to BRAUDE must be properly cleaned, sealed and packaged and are not contaminated with or contain any dangerous chemicals.
6. A note advising the chemicals in which the units have been used is to be included inside the package, with as much information as possible about the process and the failure. A charge will be made for units received by BRAUDE, which require cleaning. BRAUDE reserve the right to return any product that does not comply with the above procedure without inspection.
7. On receipt we will inspect the item and advise you the cause of failure
8. In the case of warranty we will repair or replace the item free of charge
9. In the case of a chargeable replacement we will issue a quotation for replacement for you to issue a purchase order.

8. DISPOSAL OF USED EQUIPMENT

Disposal of any product supplied by BRAUDE must comply with any relevant regulations.

The majority of materials in BRAUDE equipment are recyclable (see page 7) and should be delivered to an appropriate recycling centre.

9. WARRANTY

- 9.1 This product has been manufactured to the highest standards using fine quality materials. Installation, operation and maintenance in accordance with the instructions and chemical resistance chart provided will ensure trouble free service.
- 9.2 Care should be taken that the equipment is correctly connected to current and voltage conforming with the information indicated on the label.
- 9.3 In the event of any defect in materials or workmanship and subject to the Company's general conditions of sale and warranty, the Company undertakes to correct at it's discretion by repair or replacement, any such defect occurring within 12 (TWELVE) MONTHS from delivery of this equipment to the original purchaser (fair wear and tear excluded) provided the equipment is delivered carriage paid to our Works, suitably packed and insured. The Company's decision on all questions relating to alleged defects shall be conclusive.
- 9.4 This Warranty becomes void if repair is attempted or the equipment is interfered with by personnel other than authorised by the manufacturer, or is damaged due to accident or user's negligence, or if the Company's payment terms and any other conditions are not fully complied.
- 9.5 Under no circumstances will the period of the original 12 MONTHS warranty be extended. The Manufacturer or Supplier cannot be held responsible for claims covering consequential loss or damage.
- 9.6 All other claims or warranties are hereby expressly excluded.